## Overview - Year 2 Grammar, Spellings and Punctuation

TERM 1	TERM 2	TERM 3
Spelling:	Spelling:	Spelling:
$\rightarrow$ Revision of Phase 5 Letters and Sounds.	ightarrow Teach Phase 6 Letters and Sounds.	$\rightarrow$ Teach Phase 6 Letters and Sounds.
→ Segmenting spoken words into phonemes and representing these by graphemes, spelling many correctly.	→ Segmenting spoken words into phonemes and representing these by graphemes, spelling many correctly.	→ Segmenting spoken words into phonemes and representing these by graphemes, spelling many correctly.
<ul> <li>→ Leaning new ways of spelling phonemes for which one or more spelling are already known.</li> <li>→ Learn to spell common exception words (high frequency and tricky words as per Letters and Counde)</li> </ul>	→ Leaning new ways of spelling phonemes for which one or more spelling are already known and learn some new words with each spelling, including a few common homophones.	<ul> <li>→ Leaning new ways of spelling phonemes for which one or more spelling are already known and learn some new words with each spelling, including a few common homophones.</li> <li>&gt; Distinguish between homophones and near</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Sounds)</li> <li>→ Learning the possessive apostrophe (singular) for example, the girl's book</li> <li>→ Add suffixes to spell longer words, including – ment, -ness, -ul,-less, -ly,er,ful</li> <li>→ 'ge' and 'dge' at the end of words before e, i and y i.e. badge, edge, bridge, dodge.</li> <li>→ The 's' sound spelt 'c' before e, i and y. le, ice, race, cell, city.</li> <li>→ The /n/ sound spelt /kn/ and less often 'gn' at the beginning of words i.e know, knock, knee, gnat</li> <li>→ The 'r' sound spelt 'wr' at the beginning of words ie, write, written, wrong, wrap.</li> <li>→ The 'le' spelling at the end of words i.e table, bottle, middle, little.</li> <li>→ Words ending in -tion i.e station, fiction, motion, national, section</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>→ Learn to spell more words with contracted forms.</li> <li>→ Leaning the possessive apostrophe (singular) for example, the girl's book</li> <li>→ Add suffixes to spell longer words, including – ment, -ness, -gul,-less, -ly.</li> <li>→ The 'el' spelling which is used after m, n, r, s, v, w and more often than not s i.e camel, tunnel, travel, towel.</li> <li>→ The 'al' spelling i.e medal, pedal, capital, hospital.</li> <li>→ Words ending in –il, i.e. pencil, fossil, nostril</li> <li>→ The 'ai' sound spelt –y at the end of words i.e. cry, fly, dry, try, reply, July</li> <li>→ Contractions, i.e. can't, didn't hasn't, couldn't, its I'll</li> <li>→ Learn suffixes, for example: -ed, -ing, -er, -est - to a root word ending in –y with a consonant before ited, -ing, -er, -est and -y to words ending in 'e' with a consonant before it</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>→ Distinguish between homophones and nearhomophones.</li> <li>→ Add suffixes to spell longer words, including – ment, -ness, -gul,-less, -ly.</li> <li>→ The 'el' spelling which is used after m, n, r, s, v, w and more often than not s i.e camel, tunnel, travel, towel.</li> <li>→ The 'al' spelling i.e medal, pedal, capital, hospital.</li> <li>→ Words ending in –il, i.e. pencil, fossil, nostril</li> <li>→ The 'ai' sound spelt –y at the end of words i.e. cry, fly, dry, try, reply, July</li> <li>→ Contractions, i.e. can't, didn't hasn't, couldn't, its I'll</li> <li>→ Learn suffixes, for example: -ed, -ing, -er, -est - to a root word ending in –y with a consonant before ited, -ing, -er, -est and -y to words ending in 'e' with a consonant before it.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>with a consonant before it.</li> <li>→ed, -ing, -er, -est and -y to words with one syllable ending in single consonant letter after a single vowel letter.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>→ed, -ing, -er, -est and -y to words with one syllable ending in single consonant letter after a single vowel letter.</li> <li>→ Spelling correctly words with 'al' an 'all' sounding</li> </ul>

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 $\rightarrow$  Spelling correctly words with 'al' an 'all' sounding

('or) eg. All, always.

Grammar:

 $\rightarrow$  Noun recognition

## $\rightarrow$ Verb recognition $\rightarrow$ Spelling words with the sound 'o' that sound like 'u' eg mother and Monday. $\rightarrow$ Use of simple past and present tense 'u' eg mother and Monday. $\rightarrow$ The 'i' sound spelt –ey i.e. donkey, key $\rightarrow$ The /a/ sound after 'w' and 'gu, i.e. want, $\rightarrow$ Use of adjectives $\rightarrow$ The 'i' sound spelt –ey i.e. donkey, key $\rightarrow$ Use of adverbs $\rightarrow$ The /a/ sound after 'w' and 'qu, i.e. want, quantity and squash quantity and squash $\rightarrow$ The sound spelt 'or' after 'w' ie. Worth. $\rightarrow$ Use both familiar and new punctuation correctly, including full stops, capital letters, exclamation $\rightarrow$ The sound spelt 'or' after 'w' ie. Worth. $\rightarrow$ The sound spelt 'ar' after 'w' ie. War and warm $\rightarrow$ The sound spelt 'ar' after 'w' ie. War and warm marks, question marks, commas (in lists), $\rightarrow$ The'zh' sound i.e. television, treasure, usual apostrophes for the possessive and for $\rightarrow$ The 'zh' sound i.e. television, treasure, usual See appendix 1 contractions, inverted commas. See appendix 1 $\rightarrow$ Learn to use sentences with different forms: Grammar: statements, questions, exclamations, commands Grammar: $\rightarrow$ Use both familiar and new punctuation correctly. $\rightarrow$ Use of present and past tense including full stops, capital letters, exclamation $\rightarrow$ Use both familiar and new punctuation correctly, $\rightarrow$ Use conjunctions of co-ordination (or, and, but) marks, question marks, commas(in lists), including full stops, capital letters, exclamation $\rightarrow$ Turning adjectives into adverbs ie. Quick into apostrophes for the possessive and for marks, question marks, commas(in lists), quickly apostrophes for the possessive and for contractions, inverted commas. $\rightarrow$ Add s or es to make plurals $\rightarrow$ Use of simple and progressive past and present contractions, inverted commas. $\rightarrow$ Learn to use sentences with different forms: tense statements, questions, exclamations, commands $\rightarrow$ Use of adjectives $\rightarrow$ Use of adjectives $\rightarrow$ Use of adverbs $\rightarrow$ Use of present and past tense $\rightarrow$ Use of noun phrases $\rightarrow$ Subordination (using when, if, that or because) $\rightarrow$ Learn to use sentences with different forms: and co-ordination (or, and, but) statements, questions, exclamations, commands $\rightarrow$ Compound words i.e whiteboard and superman $\rightarrow$ Use of adjectives $\rightarrow$ Turning adjectives into adverbs ie. Quick into $\rightarrow$ Use of present and past tense $\rightarrow$ Subordination (using when, if, that or because) auickly $\rightarrow$ Use of progressive form of verbs in the present and co-ordination (or, and, but) and past tense to mark actions in progress (for $\rightarrow$ Compound words i.e whiteboard and superman example, she is drumming, he was shouting) $\rightarrow$ Turning adjectives into adverbs ie. Quick into quickly

('or) eg. All, always.

 $\rightarrow$  Spelling words with the sound 'o' that sound like

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